

to the Yarrangobilly River is singularly impressive. For miles precipices and battlemented outcrops dip their feet in the crystal waters of the rapidly running river. These huge, varicoloured cliffs are weatherworn and scored and pitted with holes and crevices, many of which indicate the entrances to unexplored caverns with which the limestone is honeycombed. Two miles upstream from the Caves House the river has cut its way through the limestone, forming a natural bridge under which it flows. Not very far away, on the top of the plateau, a curious weathering of the limestone has taken place, forming a labyrinth of huge pinnacled rocks, like tomb-stones marking the graves of a race of giants.

Yarrangobilly Caves.

The known caves comprise The Glory Hole Caverns, The Jersey, Harrie Wood, Castle, and Jilabanan Caves all made easy of inspection; and the River, Easter, Grotto, and Copper Mine Caves not yet opened.

Like all other caves in New South Wales, their discovery, over seventy years ago, appears to be due to pioneers in search of new country for stock, among whom the names of J. Bowman and Sir T. A. Murray are pre-eminent.

The Caves contain treasure-houses which no dream of Eastern art can equal. The vastness of the Glory Hole Caverns; the mammoth stalactites of the Queen's Chamber; the weird and stupendous Cathedral Ruins; the exquisite forms and dainty colouring of the Jersey and Jilabanan Caves; the richly-sculptured pillars of the "Temple of a Thousand Idols" (Harrie Wood Cave); and the gorgeous drapery of King Solomon's Temple (Castle Cave), unite to form a picture such as shall never quite fade from the chambers of memory.

ISSUED BY THE
NEW SOUTH WALES

GOVERNMENT TOURIST BUREAU.

CHALLIS HOUSE (Opposite G.P.O.) SYDNEY.

Values: Various Appropriate Gullies, Government Printing 1911.



Yarrangobilly Caves

In the Wild Talbingo Ranges.

The Wonder Caverns of the Southern Alps

Yarrangobilly Caves House.

Excellent Cuisine : Comfortable Accommodation : Regular Motor Service from Tumut and Cooma.

Glorious Crystal Formations
Grand Forest Scenery
Trout Fishing Swimming
Tennis Motoring
Wonderful Thermal Springs.

Issued by the
New South Wales

Government Tourist Bureau

Challis House (Opp. G.P.O.), Sydney.



Yarrangobilly Caves.



YARRANGOBILLY CAVES HOUSE, YARRANGOBILLY RANGE.

TARIFF—FROM 12/6 PER DAY.
For Motor and Train Fare see Separate Leaflet

BOOK DIRECT WITH

MANAGER, YARRANGOBILLY CAVES HOUSE

VIA TUMUT, OR AT THE

NEW SOUTH WALES

GOVT. TOURIST BUREAU.

CHALLIS HOUSE (Opposite G.P.O.) SYDNEY.

TELEPHONE—CITY 4945

Yarrangobilly Caves House.

If you have not visited YARRANGOBILLY CAVES you have yet to experience the pleasure and benefit of one of the finest recreation and health resorts in New South Wales.

If you have visited Yarrangobilly Caves previously, and tasted its joys, you will readily understand from the information that follows the very great improvements recently effected, and the reason why Yarrangobilly might be visited annually for health-giving if not sporting and holidaying resorts.

YARRANGOBILLY CAVES HOUSE is now under direct Government control, a manager with his family has been installed, and the House offers a homely welcome at a standard approaching Jenolan Caves House. Electric light has been completely installed throughout the House. Hot water service is now furnished to

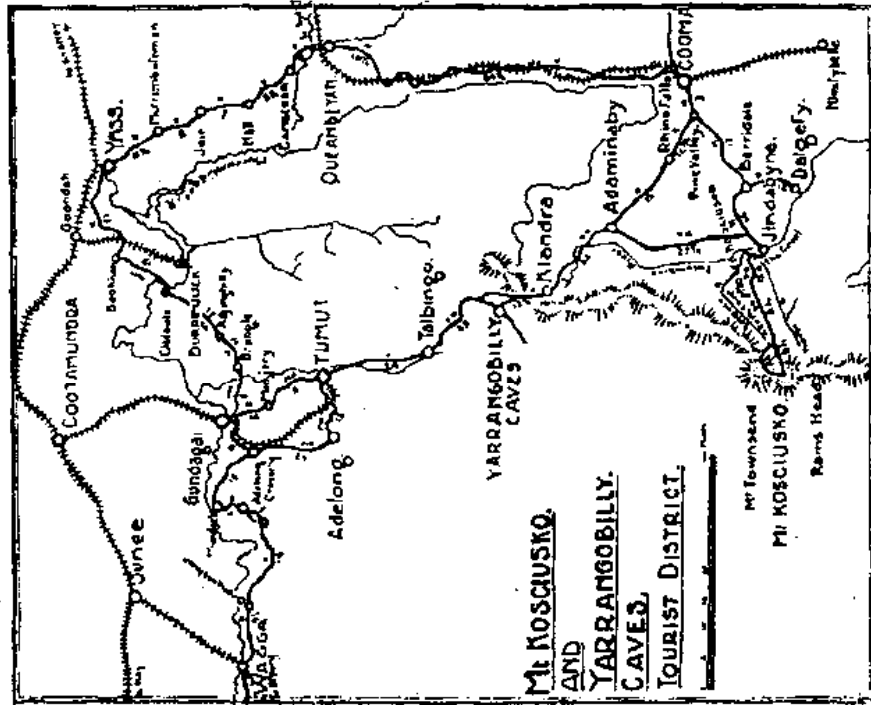


KING SOLOMON'S TEMPLE.

bedrooms and lavatories. The latest system of septic tank sewerage has been connected. Arrangements have been made for music and dances in the splendidly-equipped social hall. The tennis courts have been re-conditioned. The Thermal Bathing Pool, where swimming and diving carnivals may be held, is now coming into its own, not only by reason of its all-the-year-round 80 deg. temperature affording a delightful swim at any hour of any season, but the marvellous healing properties, which will one day transform Yarrangobilly into a luxurious spa. The trout fishing promises an unprecedented revival. Besides the glories of the Caves, which are not comparable to any other system in the State—they stand unrivalled and

peerless, unique and completely distinct—arrangements have been put in hand for other attractions by entertainments at Christmas and Easter. Outdoor carnivals on the spacious and beautiful picnic grounds and children's playground will take place at these periods, and others as circumstances warrant. If you visit Yarrangobilly with your own car, you will find first-class garage accommodation—petrol, and oil for sale at reasonable charges. At the well-stocked bazaar you may purchase postcards, viewbooks, and souvenirs of Yarrangobilly Caves.

Map showing the relative positions of Cooma, Tumut, Kosciusko, and Yarrangobilly Caves.



Routes.

From Tumut (900 ft. above sea-level, 318 rail miles from Sydney) the road to Yarrangobilly Caves follows for 20 miles the picturesque windings of the River Tumut. Passing the junction of the Jounama Creek with the Tumut River, the ascent is made of Mt. Fehling, from the precipitous sides of which extensive panoramas of ranges and ravines are unfolded. The road continues to climb along the summit of the range until, at 44½ miles (4,100 ft. above sea-level) a sharp descent brings the Yarrangobilly Gorge into view, and the House (3,200 ft. above sea-level and 47 miles from Tumut) is reached.

From Cooma (2,500 ft. above sea-level, 263 rail miles from Sydney) a first-class road leads across the Mene Plains up the Dividing Range, through the little town of Adaminaby, on to the "Roof of Australia."



YARRANGOBILLY CAVES HOUSE.

Niandra (4,600 ft. above sea-level) with its once famous gold mines, another slight ascent, thence down to the Caves (3,200 ft. above sea-level)—65 miles from Cooma.

Enterprising motor firms cater during the season (November to April inclusive) for conveyance from Tumut or Cooma, with extension to Mt. Kosciusko. The Tumut firm will also convey passengers by motor from Wagga.

For full particulars of these services see separate handbill.

Yarrangobilly Gorge.

Yarrangobilly Caves occur in a belt of limestone from half a mile to one mile in width, and six or seven miles long. The frontage of this belt